

## Citizenship and exceptions for Indians

Attached find two references to citizenship with the US

1924 The Secretary of the Interior was to issue Certificates of Citizenship to Indians, an act of Naturalization  
] HOWEVER, read the fine print! not all Indians were made citizens, especially if the act of citizenship took away their tribal rights and property.

The INS has a similar statement. Read it also.

This is the information that you can use to your advantage.

First can the US Government prove that [all] Indians were "Declared" citizens with the 1924 Act. The answer is NO. Therefore they must prove that citizenship was issued within a blanket format, not of naturalization which implies that the Indians had a choice in the matter.

Therefore the INS was instructed to issue a similar statement regarding citizenship, BUT stated that there was a provision which further complicates the status of citizenship. The Tuscarora can declare that all

persons born in unseeded Tuscarora land are hereby "Declared Citizens of

the Tuscarora, but any court in the United States will tell you that Citizenship cannot be forced upon a person unknowingly, or against their

will. Therefore the Government must provide proof that they "Issued a Certificate of Citizenship to [all] Indians in the US who were not citizens due to the 14th Amendment, or a Treaty which acknowledged the supremacy of the US and they consent to the exclusive jurisdiction of the

US and of no other!

Norbert Johnson